

# UP Salzburg Summer Programs

## Pool of excursions & co-curricular activities

### **General information**

Salzburg summer programs combine course instruction with Program organized bus excursions as well as visits of local/regional institutions, events and places of interest. Through education based on experiences outside the classroom, the Program aims to lead students to a deeper understanding and appreciation of local and regional culture, enables valuable co-curricular activities and fosters deeper reflections on academic course contents.

During the orientation in the first days after arrival, all program participants receive a 24 hours Salzburg card including instructions on how best to take advantage of this card (see below). Most often the arrival and check-in of students takes place on a Wednesday, Thursday then serves for administrative program orientation purposes, Friday for academic purposes including the start of course instruction, Saturday for a first bus excursion to destinations in or near the state of Salzburg. The Salzburg card is used on Sunday of this first orientation week to discover the city on a more individual pace.

Each program is enabled a total of five bus excursions, which usually take place on Thursdays (except for orientation week) at the end of each academic week. To carry out excursions on Thursdays has the advantage that Program participants can opt to continue their private weekend trips (Friday to Sunday) in or from program destinations such as Munich or Vienna. Overnight stays are not included in Program organized excursions. The maximum distance is limited to a range of 300 km (or approx. 3 hrs bus ride) from Salzburg. Participation in these excursions is mandatory for all program participants. All related costs (except for meals) are covered by the Program, incl. bus, entrance fees, guides, prep material.

Chartered buses are equipped with a microphone, which can be used by accompanying Program staff, faculty and/or guides for guiding purposes, prep lectures, sharing organizational information on the route. By doing so, travel time can be used in a meaningful way to prep students for the upcoming destinations and visits. Furthermore, the use of buses offers great flexibility in regard to possible destinations and allows for comfortable transportation of luggage. A DVD player and screens provided on the bus enable the use of documentaries and other media for prep purposes. The Program is happy to provide a list of media, which are available on demand and can be used for excursion purposes including documentaries on culture, art (e.g. 19<sup>th</sup>/20<sup>th</sup> art in Germany), history (e.g. the Wannsee conference), geographical features (e.g. the Danube, the Alps, the Rhine), music (e.g. the Salzburg festivals, Mozart, Bruckner, the Sound of Music) or specific sites such as museums or cathedrals.

Summer faculty members work closely together with Salzburg staff in order to organize and carry out the educational excursions sponsored by the Program. Usually a first proposal (wish list) is emailed by summer faculty to [salzburg@up.edu](mailto:salzburg@up.edu) latest four months prior Program start. As a next step Salzburg staff checks on the organizational background of each single excursion (incl. costs, time limits, availability of guides, opening hours, group reservations etc.) and provides feedback to the respective summer faculty incl. suggestions for alterations if necessary. A final conclusion on all excursions should latest take place three months before Program start to guarantee bookings. To what degree co-

curricular activities besides the weekly bus excursions can be planned for depends on the prospective costs of the excursions and can be figured out by Salzburg staff on demand.

The pool of excursions below provides summer faculty with an overview of what was already successfully carried out in past programs and should be understood as a helpful guide rather than a limitation of options. Faculty is invited to reach out to Salzburg staff with ideas and wishes for new destinations depending on their respective field of study and course contents. Salzburg staff is always happy to work on creating new options for summer programs and expanding its Program pool.

## Salzburg Card

The Salzburg card is a great way to discover and explore the city of Salzburg and the surrounding area. It grants one-time free admission to all major attractions and museums. At the same time, it enables free use of public transport. The Salzburg Program sponsors a 24-hrs-Salzburg-card to all program participants (faculty and students) during the orientation on the very first weekend. Staff members explain how to take best advantage of the card incl. the use of public transport.

### Optional sites and museums included in the card:

- Fortress Hohensalzburg <https://www.salzburg-burgen.at/en/hohensalzburg-castle/>
- Mozart's birthplace <https://mozarteum.at/en/mozart-museums/mozarts-birthplace#info>
- Dome cathedral excavations  
<https://www.salzburg.info/en/sights/museums/domgrabungsmuseum>
- Museum of Natural History and Technology <https://www.hausdernatur.at/en/>
- Hellbrunn Palace and baroque Trick Fountains <https://www.hellbrunn.at/en/>
- yMuseum of Modern Art Mönchsberg <https://www.museumdermoderne.at/en/>
- Museum Rupertinum <https://www.museumdermoderne.at/en/>
- Georg Trakl Research and Memorial Site  
<https://www.salzburg.info/en/sights/museums/georg-trakl-gedenkstaette>
- Salzburg Museum <https://www.salzburgmuseum.at/index.php?id=1773>
- Folklore Museum <https://www.salzburg.info/en/sights/museums/volkskunde-museum>
- Cable Car Untersberg <https://www.untersbergbahn.at/en/>
- Water Museum Wasserspiegel <https://www.5schaetze.at/en/wasserspiegel.html>
- St. Peter's Abbey <https://www.stift-stpeter.at/de/start/index.asp>
- Mozart Residence <https://mozarteum.at/en/mozart-museums/mozarts-residence#info>
- Mozart Audio and Visual Collection <https://mozarteum.at/en/mozart-museums/mozarts-residence#mozart-audio-visual-collection>
- DomQuartier Salzburg <https://www.domquartier.at/en/>
- Marionette Museum <https://www.salzburg.info/en/sights/museums/marionettenmuseum>

Not included in the card, but potentially interesting locations to visit as co-curricular activities in Salzburg during the course of a program include:

Salzburger Freilichtmuseum <https://www.freilichtmuseum.com/en/visitors-information.html>

Salzburg AG hydro-powerplant Sohlstufe Lehen <https://www.salzburg-ag.at/ueber-die-salzburg-ag/unternehmen/erzeugung/erzeugungsanlagen/wasserkraftwerk-sohlstufe-lehen.html>

Salzburg State Theatre (Landestheater) <https://www.salzburger-landestheater.at/en/start/index.html>

Salzburg Festivals <https://www.salzburgerfestspiele.at/en/>

Hangar-7-exhibitions <https://www.hangar-7.com/en/>

Mozarteum University events/concerts <https://www.moz.ac.at/en/events>

Ukrainian-Greek-orthodox church <https://ukrainische-kirche.at/>

Jewish community and synagogue <https://ikg-salzburg.at/>

Salzburg city archive <https://www.stadt-salzburg.at/stadtgeschichte>

## 1. Bus excursions in and near the state of Salzburg

*to provide students an overview of the region, its history and culture, in which the Program is located and set in*

### **a.) The South: Hallein-Dürrenberg and Hohenwerfen**

includes a guided tour through the salt mines of Dürrenberg 10 miles south of the city of Salzburg, a stroll through a reconstructed Celtic settlement on the mountain, the visit of the Middle Age fortress Hohenwerfen on the Salzach river, where falconry, a UNESCO intangible cultural heritage of Austria, is practiced

for more detailed information see:

<https://www.salzwelten.at/en/salzburg>

<https://www.salzburg-burgen.at/en/hohenwerfen-castle/>

### **b.) The East: Salzkammergut, Hallstatt and Bad Ischl**

leads the group to a cultural region named "Salzkammergut", which is famous for its lakes, villages and the Habsburgs; Hallstatt-Dachstein is both a UNESCO cultural and natural world heritage; Bad Ischl is a famous (saline) bath and a historical place of the Habsburg monarchy; excursions may include guided tours in Hallstatt and/or Bad Ischl, the visit of the Hallstatt salt mines and/or the Kaiservilla in Ischl, a visit of the famous pilgrimage church in St. Wolfgang.

for more detailed information see:

<https://www.salzwelten.at/en/hallstatt>

<https://www.kaiservilla.at/index.php/en/>

### c.) The West: Berchtesgaden, Königssee, Obersalzberg

Berchtesgaden is a cultural region in Upper Bavaria right on the German-Austrian border to Salzburg; it is famous for its Alpine landscape (National Park), its history and the Bavarian cure/bath culture; optional destinations include a visit of the village of Berchtesgaden (king`s castle, historic town centre), the documentation centre Obersalzberg, a boat ride on the Königssee, a visit of the Kehlsteinhaus (Eagle`s Nest).

for more detailed information see:

<https://www.kehlsteinhaus.de/english/>

<https://obersalzberg.de/en/>

<https://www.seenschiffahrt.de/en/koenigssee/>

## 2. International European top destinations

*the highlights of Program organized tours, centers of European art, culture, economy and history*

### a.) Vienna

Vienna is located approx. 300 km east of Salzburg. It is the capital of nowadays Austria and former imperial capital of the Danube monarchy (also known as the Habsburg or Austro-Hungarian Empire); Vienna is located on the Danube – the most international river in the world. It is among Europe`s top centers in culture, art, history and a highly international city with headquarters of the United Nations, the OPEC and many other significant international institutions. Sigmund Freud developed psychoanalysis here starting the age of modern psychology, Gustav Klimt formed the famous Vienna Secession movement, Friedensreich Hundertwasser developed architectural design based on an environmentally friendly, modern philosophy. The University of Vienna with its more than 100.000 students is the oldest University in the German speaking world, St. Stephen`s cathedral among the most outstanding pieces of Gothic architecture and centers of Christianity north of the Alps. Vienna`s gigantic museums curate world famous collections of art, natural history and cultures from all continents. Classical music developed significantly in Vienna with composers such as Mozart, Beethoven and Haydn, the Vienna Symphony orchestra and the Vienna Opera rank among the most elaborate classical music institutions in Europe.

#### Optional excursion sights (selection):

- Schönbrunn palace (history and architecture) <https://www.schoenbrunn.at/en/>
- Schönbrunn zoo (natural sciences) <https://www.zoovienna.at/en/>
- Natural History Museum (natural sciences) <https://www.nhm-wien.ac.at/en>
- Aqua Terra Zoo (natural sciences) <https://www.haus-des-meeres.at/en>
- Hundertwasser Museum (art and architecture) <https://www.kunsthausewien.com/en/>
- Belvedere palace and gallery (art and architecture) <https://www.belvedere.at/en>

- Weltmuseum Wien (ethnographic) <https://www.weltmuseumwien.at/en/>
- Art History Museum (art & culture) <https://www.khm.at/en/>
- St. Stephen`s Cathedral (religion, architecture, art) <https://stephanskirche.at/>
- Jewish Museum Vienna (religion, culture, history) <https://www.jmw.at/en>
- Vienna State Opera (music, theatre) <https://www.wiener-staatsoper.at/en/guided-tours/>
- Spanish Riding School (culture) <https://www.srs.at/en/>
- Vienna Ring Road tour (architecture, institutions)
- Vienna 1<sup>st</sup> district guided tour (culture, history, architecture)
- United Nations Organization Vienna (political science)  
[https://unis.unvienna.org/unis/en/visitors\\_service/index.html](https://unis.unvienna.org/unis/en/visitors_service/index.html)
- Narrenturm pathological-anatomical collection NHM (natural sciences) <https://www.nhm-wien.ac.at/en/narrenturm>
- Sigmund Freud Museum (psychology, sociology) <https://www.freud-museum.at/en/>
- Albertina Museum (art) <https://www.albertina.at/en/>
- Imperial Treasury (culture, history) <https://www.kaiserliche-schatzkammer.at/en/>
- Hofburg (history) <https://www.sisimuseum-hofburg.at/en/>
- Museum of Military History <https://www.hgm.at/en/>

*Sights near Vienna, which can be combined:*

- Melk Benedictine abbey (religion, architecture, art, history) <https://www.stiftmelk.at/en/>
- Loisium vineyards & cellars (culture, history) <https://www.loisium.com/en/langenlois/>
- Nature Park Jauerling (hiking) <https://www.naturpark-jauerling.at/en>

## **b.) Munich**

Munich is capital of Germany`s largest state and ancient capital of the ancient kingdom Bavaria. Situated on the Isar river, Munich forms the center of the biggest metropolitan area in southern Germany as well as one of Europe`s strongest economical and cultural hotspots. Home of Bayern-München, one of the world`s most successful soccer clubs, Mecca of the German beer culture and headquarters of many leading international enterprises such as BMW or MTU Aero Engines, Munich combines a vital and rich culture with top high-tech and innovation centers. Salzburg, which is historically and culturally closely connected with Munich, is situated only about 120 km east of this splendid metropolis.

**Optional excursion sights (selection):**

- BMW world and museum (engineering, design) <https://www.bmw-welt.com/en/index.html>
- Olympiapark (history, international sports) <https://www.olympiapark.de/en>
- Nymphenburg Palace (art, history, architecture) <https://www.schloss-nymphenburg.de/englisch/tourist/index.htm>
- Alte Pinakothek (European classical art) <https://www.pinakothek.de/en/alte-pinakothek>
- Neue Pinakothek (European modern art) <https://www.pinakothek.de/en/neue-pinakothek>
- Pinakothek der Moderne (International contemporary art and design)  
<https://www.pinakothek-der-moderne.de/en/>

- Glyptothek (art of the antiquity) <https://www.antike-am-koenigsplatz.mwn.de/index.php/en/glyptothek-en>
- National Theatre (state ballet, state opera, state orchestra) <https://www.staatsoper.de/en/guided-tours>
- Deutsches Museum (technical sciences and industry) <https://www.deutsches-museum.de/en/>
- Royal Palace <https://www.residenz-muenchen.de/englisch/tourist/index.htm>

*Sights near Munich:*

- Dachau Concentration Camp Memorial <https://www.kz-gedenkstaette-dachau.de/en/>
- Herrenchiemsee Island and Palace <https://www.herrenchiemsee.de/englisch/tourist/index.htm>

### 3. Special excursions

#### a.) Mauthausen & St. Florian

This excursion features two places and sites of special educational value for all program participants no matter of their field of study.

The primary destination leads the group to the concentration camp memorial Mauthausen near Linz in Upper Austria. From 1938 to 1945, the Mauthausen concentration camp was at the centre of a system of over 40 subcamps and was the main site of political, social and racist persecution by the National Socialist regime on Austrian territory. Core educational themes, to which this place is closely connected to, are nationalism, fascism, ideology, totalitarianism, racism, (forced) migration, slavery, genocide, the Shoa/Holocaust, persecution of minority groups, human rights, the United Nations, 20<sup>th</sup> cent. history, core education towards peace, international solidarity and democracy.

General and specific prep lectures, guided tours and workshops can be organized by the Program on demand; a list of Program owned media (incl. course books, documentaries, movies) for related educational purposes is available on demand.

Mauthausen Memorial: <https://www.mauthausen-memorial.org/en/>

Subcamp Memorials:

Gusen Memorial <https://www.gusen-memorial.org/en>

Melk Memorial <https://www.melk-memorial.org/en>

Ebensee Memorial <https://memorial-ebensee.at/index.php/en/>

In the afternoon, the excursion leads to one of Austria`s most impressive abbeys, which constitute centers of cultural development throughout many centuries and epochs in Central Europe. Not only in its fine baroque architecture, the Augustinian Collegiate St. Florian represents a vast contrast to the former Mauthausen camp. This abbey is a place of encounter and devotion for a thousand years, the preferred workplace and burial site of the famous Austrian composer and organist Anton Bruckner. It

is a place of art, Music and education, with a historic library containing a unique collection of precious manuscripts, and the beautiful Sebastian altar paintings by Albrecht Altdorfer.

Abbey of St. Florian <https://www.stift-st-florian.at/en/home.html>

## **b.) Innsbruck**

Innsbruck is the capital of the Austrian state Tyrol and situated in an Alpine setting about 150 km west of Salzburg. The city is famous for its Medical University, Olympic winter sports, Tyrolean heritage. Tyrol is part of the Austro-Italian European region Tyrol – South Tyrol – Trentino, a trans-national bond that is strengthened by many factors, including history, geography, economy and culture.

Medical University Innsbruck – Anatomical Museum [https://i-med.ac.at/Anatomie/Museum\\_Sammlungen.html](https://i-med.ac.at/Anatomie/Museum_Sammlungen.html)

Ambras Castle <https://www.schlossambras-innsbruck.at/en/>

Alpenzoo <https://www.alpenzoo.at/en/>

Museum of Tyrolean Regional Heritage & Court Church <https://www.tiroler-landesmuseen.at/en/tyrolean-state-museums/>

Euregio Tyrol – South Tyrol – Trentino <https://www.europaregion.info/en/>

## **c.) National Park “Hohe Tauern”**

The Hohe Tauern National Park is one of the most spectacular high mountain landscapes on planet Earth. The altitudinal belts from the valleys to the summits of the three-thousand metre tall mountains represent an exceptional biodiversity. This is home to many plants and wildlife species originating from the Central Asian tundra, the Arctic and even Southern Europe. Education, next to wildlife conservation, research and natural experience, is one of the most important responsibilities of the Hohe Tauern National Park. The Climate School of the Hohe Tauern National Park is an innovative educational program that aims to raise awareness of climate change mitigation and sustainability.

Website: <https://hohetauern.at/en/>