Right Triangles
\& SohCahToa (Pronouced So-Cuh-Toe-uh)
'SohCahToa' is a way of remembering the right triangle trigonometric relations. For right triangles, where one angle is 90 degrees, when you take the sine, cosine, or tangent of a non- 90 degree angle, it can equal the ratio of two of the sides (one side divided by another).

- 'Soh' means the sine of an angle is equal to the magnitude of the opposite side divided by the magnitude of the hypotenuse.
- 'Cah' means the cosine is equal to the adjacent side over the hypotenuse.
- 'Toa' means the tangent is equal to the opposite side over the adjacent side.


$$
\begin{array}{lll}
\sin \theta=\frac{0}{h} & \cos \theta=\frac{a}{h} & \tan \theta=\frac{0}{a} \\
\theta=\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{0}{h}\right) & \theta=\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{a}{h}\right) & \theta=\tan ^{-1}\left(\frac{0}{a}\right)
\end{array}
$$

Example 1

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \text { Find: } \theta \\
& \text { to angle } \\
& \sin \theta=\frac{0}{h}=\frac{4}{10} \\
& \theta=\sin ^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{10}\right) \\
& \theta=23^{\circ}
\end{aligned}
$$

Example 2
Find: $x$

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Find:x } \\
\hline \theta=20^{\circ} 5 x \\
\cos \theta=\frac{a}{h} \\
\cos 20^{\circ}=\frac{x}{5} \\
x=5 \cdot \cos 20^{\circ} \\
x=4.7
\end{gathered}
$$

Now you try!

1) Find: $x$

2) Find $: \theta$
$\qquad$
Answers: 1) $x \approx 4.28$
3) $\theta \approx 34.5^{\circ}$
